

# SALT LAKE DAILY HERALD.

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NO. 209.

## THE SOUDAN.

### The Preparations for Retaking Khartoum.

#### GEN. WOLSELEY TO GO AHEAD.

The Campaign in Egypt to be Prosecuted to the Bitter End—Other Notes.

#### Khartoum.

London, February 6.—German papers all concur in attributing the Khartoum disaster to Gladstone's hesitation, and commend vigorous action for the recapture of Khartoum and to blot out the Mahdi. In the Turkish government and military circles there is general alarm at the Mahdi's success. It is apprehended that the effects will be more detrimental to Turkey than to England. The Austrian press is severe in its criticisms on the English cabinet.

London, February 7.—Government has allowed until Sunday night for the transmission of news from the Sudan, when fresh restrictions will be imposed upon the telegraph service.

The Queen sent a message of sympathy to the relatives of General Gordon. Before Colonel Wilson abandoned his attempt to reach Khartoum, his little steamer sustained a four hour fire from 700 riflemen, eight Krupp guns and eight machine guns. The Arabs showed splendid practice in handling the large guns. Water in the Nile is rapidly falling and navigation of the river above Metemneh will soon be impracticable. The troops at Gubat are cheerful, but officers are tired and disappointed, over the absence of reinforcements and of Wolseley. Some Arabs deny that Gordon is a prisoner and declared he was killed in action, having refused to give or take quarter.

Advisers from Gubat say foraging parties daily patrol the Nile in steamers and procure cattle and forage, paying therefor when they can find the owners.

A dispatch from Merawi says: "The Black Watch and Staffordshire regiments passed Bahari cataract. On their way they destroyed the houses of Suleiman Wad Gams, who perpetrated the massacre of Col. Stewart and party. The rebels abandoned Shakkook pass. Much ammunition and grain were found there. The Cornwall regiment is now passing the cataract."

The Telegraph received a dispatch from its special correspondent at Abu Kru, on the Nile, dated from Metemneh. The dispatch is dated February 1st, and says: "Col. Wilson's party state that Khartoum fell on January 27th. The river banks above the sixth cataract is crowded with Arabs. The Mahdi in a letter calling on our officers to surrender implies that Gordon is alive. Stewart expects to be closely invested here."

Dispatches from Korti to-day indicate a serious state of affairs at the British position near Metemneh. Lord Wolseley telegraphs the War Office that a courier just arrived from Gubat reports that Colonel Boscover, commander at that place, is seriously ill, and the Mahdi's forces are preparing to attack the British camp. The Arabs have several heavy guns, which are being gradually placed in position to bear on the British camp. Other field pieces are being maneuvered for the same purpose.

Natives report that the Mahdi has 20,000 men scattered between Berber, Shendi and Metemneh, and the force at the latter place is daily receiving reinforcements.

The cabinet met at noon. On his way from Gubat to Khartoum, January 25, Col. Wilson was told by the natives along the Nile that Gordon had been fighting hard for fifteen days. On January 27th a native reported that Gordon was dead. On their return from Khartoum to Gubat several natives reported to Wilson's party that Gordon and all the captive troops who stood by him had been captured by El Mahdi's men and put to death. Later on during the return journey several Shaghiel men came on board Col. Wilson's boat and declared it was the intention of their tribe to join the Mahdi. These men, said Gordon, Consul Nicoll, fifty Greeks and some soldiers, when pressed to desperation, shut themselves in a Catholic church whither they had removed a quantity of ammunition and provisions.

Advisers from Gubat dated February 7th, give gloomy statements about the condition of Stewart's little army there. "The men had been captured in three quarters rations, and these have been once supplemented with a dose of beans and fresh meat. The camels have plenty of forage. Shendi, on the opposite bank of the Nile, and Metemneh, three miles from Gubat, are occasionally shelled by steamers. Troops are busily employed clearing the ground in front of the camp, and in detached work in adjoining villages. The main earthworks erected for the protection of the camp from the river front, have already been greatly strengthened. It was calculated they would be completed that night. Several men wounded in the desert battles, have died in camp since the arrival of the army at Gubat. Others are doing well. The remainder of the Royal Artillery and Naval Brigade, with ten guns, including one Gardner, has arrived. A convoy has been sent back to Gokdul Wells for more stores, and taken forty of the wounded along."

A dispatch to-day from Wolseley's headquarters, states that couriers, accompanied by an escort, are now on their way across Bayda desert, and expected to arrive at Korti to-night. The couriers are conveying the report of Lord Beresford's attempt to rescue Colonel Wilson and party from the island in the Nile where they have been hemmed in by hostile Arabs.

The cabinet meeting to-day was prolonged until 3.35 this afternoon. Messengers were dispatched every few minutes between Downing street and the war office and admiralty.

Rome, February 7.—An Italian expedition, consisting of 1,500 men, is ordered

to proceed at once to Suakin. It is reported that 12,000 more troops are being mobilized for service in Egypt.

It is stated that the government is prepared to send 35,000 troops into the Sudan. All political parties express warm sympathy with England and the strongest desire for a close alliance. It is evident that Italian statesmen see an opportunity for Italy to now assert for herself a position among the first powers of Europe.

CAIRO, February 7.—Sir Evelyn Caring, British consul general, has telegraphed to the government advising the dispatch of 20,000 Indian troops for service in Egypt.

LONDON, February 7.—The Observer says that General Wolseley has asked for specific orders what to do in the event that Gordon was found dead. After a very animated and prolonged discussion the Cabinet replied: "The campaign will be prosecuted until the rebellion is suppressed."

Another Cabinet council on Sunday. LONDON, February 7.—It is rumored that an order was telegraphed to Wolseley to ascertain, if possible, before taking decisive action, whether Gordon was dead or alive. If still alive, Wolseley is instructed to endeavor to terminate the campaign without further fighting. The war office reports that no troops can be spared from Ireland.

#### Short's Fall.

NEW YORK, February 7.—An immense throng of Irish Nationalists, members of the Fenian brotherhood, dynamiters and others were at the Tombs police court this afternoon, when Richard Short, who stabbed Captain Phelan in O'Donovan Rossa's office, was arraigned for examination. The police force was also well represented. When Phelan appeared and Short had been led to the bar, Short's counsel said he would like to know if Phelan had been searched. Judge Patterson replied that he supposed he had, but directed the police to search him. The sergeant put his hand among the bandages which supported Phelan's left arm and pulled out a Col's five-shooter with a long barrel. There was a quite a sensation in court when the revolver was discovered. Short laughed nervously, but seemed relieved when the weapon was taken from the captain. Short's counsel asked the Court for an adjournment on the ground that he had just come from Albany and was unprepared for the examination. The prosecution opposed the adjournment. The judge finally set the case down for Saturday next. The prisoner's counsel made a motion to reduce his client's bail from \$3,000 to \$2,000, but the Court denied the motion, saying that the bail was none too much in a case like this.

#### France and China.

PARIS, February 7.—Official dispatches from Tonquin states that the French forces on their way to Langson, captured a detachment of Chinese troops in an entrenched camp at Dong Song. The French casualties were slight. The march to Langson will be continued without delay.

General Briere de Lisle telegraphed yesterday to government from Dong Song as follows: "Our troops, yesterday, carried three forts commanding the Chinese camp. The men displayed such spirit, decision and dash that night alone checked their zeal. At daylight the whole camp of the enemy was captured. Our losses are slight. The enemy were driven to Mandarin Road."

#### Conant Heard From.

NEW YORK, February 7.—Conant, the missing editor of Harper's Weekly, has been heard from. On January 21st, he met the proprietor of the Ocean Hotel, Coney Island, and borrowed \$5 on a watch and chain. He signed the receipt "T. P. Stevens." The handwriting was identified by a son of the missing man.

#### The Oregon Senatorship.

PORTLAND, O., February 7.—In the Senatorial ballot to-day Democrats voted for O. Linenweber, of Astoria. Hirsch received 28, a gain of 2, and a majority of the Republican votes, have received 6. Failing 6, George S. the remainder scattering.

Oregonian's Port Townsend special:

The overdue steamer Wilmington has arrived here O. K.

#### An Alarm.

COLUMBUS, O., February 7.—Hocking Valley has been greatly excited to-night over the rumors of a concentrated attack by the strikers. Over 400 shots were fired in the neighborhood of Nelsonville and Buchtel about 10 o'clock, but no attack was made. Patrol trains drove the strikers off.

#### A Reverend to be Tried.

NEW YORK, January 7.—Assistant Bishop Potter has consented to have Rev. Mr. Newton presented for trial. Counsel for the presenters are busily engaged in preparing the necessary papers, which will be ready this week.

#### Negro Lynched.

SCHILLERSBURG, TEXAS, February 7.—Thomas Morris (negro), aged 23, was taken from the calaboose this morning by a masked mob and hanged to a tree. It is alleged that he ravished a white girl 13 years old.

#### Union of Royalty.

BRUSSELS, February 7.—The marriage has been arranged between Princess Clementine, daughter of King Leopold, of Belgium, and Prince Albert Victor, the elder son of the Prince of Wales.

#### Dead.

MILWAUKEE, February 7.—S. S. Merrill, manager of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, is dead.

## A COOL MILLION.

### The Result of a Freight Train Collision.

#### A PECULIAR AND NOVEL FIRE.

Congressional Proceedings—Delayed Justice—Celestials Cleaned Out—A Bad Editor.

#### Collision and Fire.

NEW BUCKSWICK, February 7.—At 3 this morning an extra freight train from Philadelphia, owing to a broken truck, stopped upon a bridge over the Rariton river for repairs. While waiting the through southern freight which left Philadelphia at 10.30 p. m. came dashing along through the city and not until within five hundred feet of the caboose of the extra, did the engineer see it. The brakes were applied, but to no purpose. The engine of the freight struck the caboose of the extra, telescoping it, and struck an oil tank of which there were four in the train. An explosion followed immediately and burning oil and wrecked cars were thrown over and down from the high bridge into the street below. Burning oil ran through the gutters down the street into the Rariton canal. This being covered with ice, the oil ran over the ice, down the canal, to the wallpaper manufacturing establishment of Janey & Co. This was soon totally destroyed. Seven dwellings opposite the immediate vicinity of the collision and just under the long railroad bridge and a building used as a box factory by the Consolidated Fruit Jar Co. were destroyed. The flames then spread to the main factory of the company. The fire was under control at 6 o'clock. It is thought two brakemen on the oil train were burned to death. The loss is estimated at between \$300,000 and \$1,000,000. The fire engines were sent to the aid of the burning city from Elizabeth and Jersey city. Only one span of the bridge was damaged. The bridge was the finest on that road is greatly delayed as long detours have to be made.

The loss on Janey & Co.'s building, stock and plant is \$175,000; insurance, \$61,000. The Consolidated Fruit Jar Company's loss is \$500,000, fully insured. The loss by the railroad cannot be ascertained for lack of willingness on the part of the officials to impart information. The loss on dwelling houses is \$10,000.

#### Delayed Justice.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—Senator Pendleton, from the committee on foreign relations, to-day, favorably reported his bill to direct the President to cause the return of \$583,400 to the Chinese government as the sum due that government from the Chinese indemnity fund. The bill provides, however, that before payment is made to China the Secretary of State shall pay to the executor of Charles E. Hill \$30,000, in full satisfaction of his claim against China, for the loss of the steamer Koonpoo, in '63.

#### A Bad Editor.

WARREN, Ind., February 7.—Lee Linn, editor of the Courier, was accosted by William Hickey, of Lagro, who made threats against Linn's life. The latter pulled a revolver and shot him through the breast twice. He will die. Hickey came to town last night for the purpose of assaulting Linn, but was avoided by his intended victim. This morning he was lying in wait for Linn, who after warning him to keep away shot. Linn has not been arrested. Hickey called at Linn's office last fall and was then shot at by the editor, but escaped unhurt.

#### Cleveland.

NEW YORK, February 8.—President-elect Cleveland breakfasted early this morning in company with Mayor Grace and General Farnsworth; then he began the daily reception. Among those who called were Governor Abbott, of New Jersey, ex-Congressman Biggs, of Delaware, and Hugh B. McLaughlin. The Tammany delegation appointed to present the compliments of the Wigwam braves to Cleveland, called during the morning.

#### Tattooed Irishman.

ROME, February 7.—Michael Davitt, on arriving on Thursday last, went to an English hotel, but was compelled to seek other quarters, because English guests at the house refused to sit at the same table with him.

#### The "Alaska."

NEW YORK, February 7.—The steamer City of Chester, which arrived this morning, reports having passed the steamer Alaska, on the 5th inst. The Alaska was then putting in for Halifax.

#### Hanlon Ahead.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., February 7.—In the sculling match, to-day between Hanlon and Clifford, Hanlon was victorious, coming in six lengths ahead.

#### Liver Complaint.

Yes; you may well say "complaint," for if there is anything makes a poor mortal complain, it is to have his liver out of order. The liver is the great scavenger of the body. It gathers up refuse, works it into bile, and then works the bile off. It has a heavy contract; and sometimes fails. Then there is a general disturbance. That disturbance is quieted by taking Brown's Iron Bitters. Mr. W. A. Brown, of Marshalltown, Iowa, says, "Brown's Iron Bitters relieved me of liver complaint after other remedies had failed."

## The Senate.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—The Chair laid before the Senate, a new set of credentials of Wm. M. Everts, Senator elect from New York. Read and filed. Sherman, from the committee on library, reported a joint resolution which passed, accepting the offer made to government by Wm. H. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Grant, of the swords, medals, bronze and paintings, and other articles of value presented to General U. S. Grant by various governments of the world as tokens of appreciation of his illustrious character as a soldier and statesman. The resolution expressed the thanks of Congress to Mr. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Grant, and provides that the articles be placed in charge of the librarian of Congress. The secretary was, however, to receive them for safe keeping until a proper repository may be provided for them in the Congressional library.

Cameron, of Pennsylvania, called up the bill to authorize a retired list for private and non-commissioned officers of the United States army, who have served thirty years or upward.

After debate the bill passed, yeas 37, nays 5, the yeas being Coke, Colquitt, Harris, Saulsbury and Vest.

Van Wyck moved an amendment to one of the private pension bills, providing that all the soldiers, widows or minor children, who by the existing laws are or may become entitled to \$8 a month shall in the future receive \$12.

Van Wyck explained that the provision was the same as that which the Senate had put in the Mexican pension bill. There seemed to be no other chance, Van Wyck said, to get justice done to a large number of deserving people who were now receiving a pittance of \$8 a month.

Blair thought the amendment might defeat the Mexican pension bill.

Van Wyck said it was already substantially defeated. Neither the Mexican soldiers nor any others would receive anything from the House before the 4th of March.

Van Wyck's amendment was agreed to, yeas 37, nays 12. The vote in the negative were Bayard, Beck, Chase, Cockrell, Coke, Fair, Harris, Maxey, Morgan, Riddleberger, Saulsbury and Vest.

Mitchell moved to add to the bill the further provisions of the Mexican pension bill, namely:

First, That in considering cases of dependent parents, it shall be sufficient to show that such parents are without other means of comfortable support than their own manual labor or contributions from persons not legally bound for their support.

Second, That proof that the applicant was regularly mustered into service shall be presumptive evidence of soundness at the time, but subject to rebuttal; and

Third, That no person shall be entitled to more than one pension at a time, unless specially declared by Congress.

These amendments were agreed to, yeas 30, nays 17. Those voting in the negative were Bayard, Beck, Call, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Fair, Garland, Hampton, Harris, Jackson, Maxey, Morgan, Riddleberger, Saulsbury, Slater and Vest.

## The House.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—Reagan asked unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the inter-state commerce bill, with the Senate amendments thereto, for the purpose of carrying in those amendments, but O'Neill, (Penn.), objected.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—At 5 o'clock, while the House was in committee of the whole on the river and harbor bill, Townsend moved that the committee rise. He wished to move that the House adjourn, having been advised that it was the intention of the friends of the river and harbor bill to continue this legislative day throughout Monday, and thus crowd out the regular appropriation bills. The motion was lost, and the House took recess until Monday.

#### A Cleaning Out of Celestials.

EUREKA, Cal., February 7.—During a riot last night between Chinese, a stray bullet killed David Kendall, a member of the city council; another was severely wounded, a boy. The news created such intense excitement that a mass meeting was called; over a thousand citizens responded. Resolutions of indignation at the lawless acts of the Chinese were adopted, and a committee was appointed to notify the Chinese that they must all leave the city. Groups of citizens visited each Chinese house, compelled them to pack up their effects and then marched them to a large warehouse where they are imprisoned, awaiting the departure of the steamer for San Francisco to-morrow.

A second mass meeting, attended by 2,000 was held to-day, and a standing committee appointed, empowered to prevent any Chinese from locating in this city in future.

#### Anarchists Executed.

BERLIN, February 7.—Reinsdorf and Keuchler, anarchists sentenced to death some weeks ago by the Imperial Court at Leipzig for attempting to cause the death of the Emperor and royal persons at the Neiderwald celebration, were executed at eight this morning at Halle. The execution took place in the prison and was by sword.

#### Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—Confirmations: James A. MacKnight, Salt Lake, Consul at St. Helena. Postmaster: John W. Green, Los Angeles, Cal.

## The Congo.

LISSON, February 7.—The Governor of Angola announces that Portugal seized both banks of the lower Congo River, between the 5th and 15th of January.

#### Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, February 7.—The bank statement shows reserve increase \$1,114,000. Banks now hold \$4,985,000 in excess of the legal requirements.

## HORRIBLE TALE.

### Sufferings of the Greely Arctic Expedition.

#### JOITS FROM HENRY'S DIARY.

The Horrors of Wealth from Starvation in the Frozen Regions.

#### Private Henry's Diary.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—The journal of Private Henry, shot for stealing provisions, by order of Lieutenant Greely, in the Arctic regions, covering a period between October, 1883, and June, 1884, has been made public. He writes under date of May 2d: "He (Whistler), who was the loudest in his denunciation of the unfortunate who was tempted to purloin the scrap meat, was today caught in the commissary, having broken open the door, and was found with about a pound of bacon in his pocket."

The entry for May 11th is: "The cowardly action in Greely wanting to shoot Dr. P. He also drew a rifle on Bender; calls Kildingbury liar, and pologizes to the enlisted man."

Four days later is the following: "Yesterday, Biederbeck and Whistler had a row out doors, and some one stole Elison's bacon, which was under the charge of Lieutenant Greely. There was terrible struggling. Death by starvation actually had no terror for us; we looked on with stolid indifference upon our coming fate. A few hours before death, instead of craving for food, they kept calling for water, and could hardly be controlled or satisfied. All, with one exception, were unconscious before dying. Poor Lockwood came out of his bag to stand in the alley-way while the moonshine distillery was going on, and was the last to get his portion. Ere the rest of us had their share, he requested a repetition of the dose from the officiating steward, and upon being replying that they stole Elison's ration, and that the official record concerning it had been tampered with, A. W. C. if he does die, dies the death of a miserable coward."

On May 28th is the following entry: "Poor Kinslingbury is sinking rapidly and the doctor has given him up. Last night, Dr. R. and Lieutenant G. had another squabble over the medicines. The majority of us, fourteen, have given up all hopes of seeing our friends again, but a few still have the chance, at the conclusion of this terrible tragedy, to be welcomed with universal acclamation as worthy frontiersmen of Uncle Sam and as men who made themselves immortal by splendid victory and innumerable sufferings, hitherto incomparable in the annals of Arctic explorations and against the laws of nature."

The notes of the first four days of June are brief memoranda of the rapidly sinking condition of those left. These were made just prior to his being shot. The extracts from other diaries show a deplorable state of affairs. Insubordination prevailed to a considerable extent and quarreling sometimes leading to blows was not an uncommon occurrence. Sergeant Brainerd's diary is in his personal possession and not obtainable, and Sergeant Connells declines to allow his diary to be inspected, stating that it was written with the express understanding that no one but General Hazen should read it.

#### Cleveland.

NEW YORK, February 7.—General Grant called at the Victoria Hotel this afternoon and left a card for Cleveland.

A report was current this afternoon that Cleveland purposes stopping on his way back to Albany at Greystone, to confer with Mr. Tilden, but Cleveland's private secretary denied this. He said the President-elect will probably leave for Albany to-night and make no stop. Among the gentlemen callers were Congressman Ellis, of Louisiana; William L. Scott, of Pennsylvania; Jesse Seligman; Edwards Pierpont, George Ehret, and ex-Mayor Ely, of New York. A delegation of bank presidents were also received. It is believed the object was to confer with Cleveland on the silver question.

NEW YORK, February 7.—Daniel Manning arrived to-night and sent his card to President-elect Cleveland. Mr. Manning had just come from Greystone, where himself and bride had been the guests of Tilden. Cleveland immediately received Manning, with whom he leaves for Albany to-morrow morning on the 9 o'clock train. Cleveland passed the evening with Manning, Barmon, of Connecticut; W. L. Scott, of Erie, Pa.; Oswald Ottendorfer, editor of the Staats Zeitung; and Senator Gorman.

#### Signal Service Disaster.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—Fire this evening in the Annex Signal Service office destroyed and damaged a number of valuable meteorological records and almost ruined some of the finest instruments in the office. The fire was confined to the second, third and fourth floors. The records destroyed and injured are those which had been collected the past five or six years and which the officials say cannot be replaced. A number of charts were also damaged beyond future use. The instruments injured were of the finest class of barometers and thermometers. The Signal Service officials are unable to estimate, to-night, the loss to the service. The loss on the building is \$2,000.

## Washington News.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—Senator Miller (N. Y.) from the committee on agriculture, to-day favorably reported the bill to provide that an agricultural department shall be an executive department under the supervision of a secretary of agriculture. The compensation of the secretary shall be the same as the secretaries of the other executive departments; an assistant secretary of agriculture shall be appointed at the same salary as received by the assistant secretary of the interior; a chief clerk at an annual salary of \$2,500 is to be appointed. The bill further provides for the creation of a division of veterinary science and forestry in the department.

Secretary Lincoln has instructed Lieutenant McDonald not to turn over to the Governor of Southern California the Mexican engineers recently arrested by his command in Arizona, near the border line, but to hold them subject to receipt by the Department of State from the President of Mexico of proper extradition papers. This action is taken at the request of the Mexican government.

The Executive Committee of the United States Association at the New Orleans expedition waited on President Arthur to-day, and presented statement of the affairs of the expedition, together with a memorial to Congress, asking an additional appropriation, which he was asked to transmit to Congress with his approval. The President promised to give the matter his prompt and careful attention.

Senator Morgan, to-day, reported favorably from the committee on foreign relations, the bill introduced by him a few days ago, to construct and maintain a telegraph or cable line between the Pacific coast of the United States and the Asiatic coast, with an amendment providing that the line must be completed within ten years.

#### Hendricks.

NEW ORLEANS, February 7.—Hendricks arrived to-day by special train. In response to an address he made an appropriate speech, in which he stated that the sole purpose of his trip south is to visit the exposition, and, if possible, contribute somewhat to its success.

#### The "Convict" Costume.

One of those caprices which cannot be dignified by the name of fashion has recently broken out in a curious, and not at all becoming, though most suggestive way. The dress is usually made in two strikingly contrasting colors, one forming one side in effect, the other its opposite. The few worn have been principally seen on the stage, and the impression produced is that of a clown or convict costume, patchy and most ungraceful. Those are worn to match, one color on one foot, the contrast on the other. It is easy to imagine such an absurd conjunction as one black, and one red leg, one blue, one brown, one grey, one garnet, dress to match, but these have been made and worn; the more striking the contrast, of course the worse the result.

He—I don't see Charley and Clara together lately.  
She—No, they've broken off.  
He—For good?  
She—Yes, for her good.—E.

Chopped Barley \$1.00 per cwt. at Sears & Liddle's.

## NEW TO-DAY

### ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION ONE Black Cow 10 years old, branded (T) on left ribs, FY on left shoulder. O. thus on right hip; no ear marks.  
If said Cow is not claimed on or before February 16th, 1885, will be sold to the highest bidder, at my corral, at 2 o'clock p. m.  
A. DELONG, Poundkeeper.

PASQUETTE, Garfield County, February 3d, 1885. 165

## IF YOU WANT

Delicious Tenderloin Steak

#### —CALL ON—

F. J. MAY, UNION MARKET, 50 Main St., op. Hooper & Eldredge Block.

Juicy Roasts & Steaks Cut & Put Up

#### IN EVERY STYLE.

To please the most fastidious and epicurean appetite.

All kinds of Dried and Spiced Meats. Sausage Unsurpassed. Hops put up in our new style, at reasonable rates. Telephone, 266. 428

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Charles Button, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Charles Button, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Amelia Button, at the store of Button & Ryan, Hooper & Eldredge Block, Salt Lake City, in the County of Salt Lake.

Dated at Salt Lake City, February 7th, 1885. AMELIA BUTTON, Administrator of the estate of Charles Button, deceased. 168

## THE

Eleventh Hour!